# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

469040

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: KRYLON® RUST PROTECTOR™ Enamel (Aerosol) Red Oxide Primer	)
Product code	: 469040	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Aerosol.	
Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Paint or paint related material.		
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, ON L4Z 1T5	
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300	
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 247-3268	
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Cleasification of the	· ELAMMARI E AEROSOLS - Catagon 1
Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 16.1% (oral), 17.2% (dermal), 26.9% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26
469040	KRYLON® RUST PRO Red Oxide Primer	TECTOR™ Ena	amel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA

1/20

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	• Developed to be formation of the state
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	<ul> <li>Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredien	t name			% by weight	CAS number	
Acetone				38.5	67-64-1	
Propane				13.6	74-98-6	
Ethylbenze	ene			8.86	100-41-4	
Dimethyl C				8.6	616-38-6	
Butane				6.4	106-97-8	
Talc				5.38	14807-96-6	
Iron Oxide	•			2.01	1309-37-1	
2-Methyl-1	-propanol			1.51	78-83-1	
	ic Hydrocarbon Solv	rent		1.13	64742-89-8	
Date of issue	/Date of revision	: 2/12/2024 Da	te of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version : 26	2/20
469040	KRYLON® RUST Red Oxide Primer	PROTECTOR™ Enamel	(Aerosol)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	1.13	64742-49-0
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	1.08	68410-97-9
Xylene, mixed isomers	0.39	1330-20-7
Heptane	0.11	142-82-5
Octane	0.11	111-65-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs	s/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Dat	e of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26	3/20
469		KRYLON® RUST PF Red Oxide Primer	ROTECTOR™ Er	amel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	۱.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire-fig	Section 5. Fire-fighting measures		
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.		

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

#### carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version : 26	4/20
469040	KRYLON® RUST PR Red Oxide Primer	OTECTOR™ Er	namel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Flammable aerosol.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue
469040	KRYLON® RUST PRO Red Oxide Primer	TECTOR™ Ena	mel (Aerosol)

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Propane	74-98-6	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Oxyge</li> <li>Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Dimethyl Carbonate Butane	616-38-6 106-97-8	None. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> [Butane isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Talc	14807-96-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).

Section 8. Exposure controls/p	bersonal prot	ection
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Fe) 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Xylene, mixed isomers	64742-89-8 64742-49-0 68410-97-9 1330-20-7	None. None. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Heptane	142-82-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Heptane (all isomers)] TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Octane	111-65-9	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 75 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. CEIL: 385 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Octane all isomers] TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	of previous issue	: 1/21/2024 Version : 26 7/20
469040 KRYLON® RUST PROTECTOR™ Enamel (/ Red Oxide Primer	Aerosol)	SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

ngredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
acetone	67-64-1	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Normal propane	74-98-6	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].</li> <li>Explosive potential.</li> </ul>
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

		<ul> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Butane all isomers] STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision       : 2/12/202         69040       KRYLON® RUST PROTECTOR™         Red Oxide Primer	•	: 1/21/2024 Version : 26 9/. SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
[Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	

#### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices			
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.			
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.			
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.			

#### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredien	t name			Exposure indices			
Acetone				Official Mexica 047-SSA1-2014 Biological exp occupationally substances. (M BEI: 50 mg/L is nonspecific, s exposure to oth	1, Environment osure indices ( exposed to cl Mexico, 6/2012) [non-specific.Th since it can be f	tal Healt for pers hemical e detern ound aft	onnel ninant er
Date of issue/I	Date of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26	10/20
469040	KRYLON® RUST Red Oxide Primer	PROTECTOR™ Er	namel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-C	CA

	urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measured	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

: 1/21/2024

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liqu	id.	
Color	:	Not	available.	
Odor	:	Not	available.	
Odor threshold	:	Not	available.	
рН	:	7		
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not	available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not	available.	
Flash point	:	Clos	ed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	:	5.6	(butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	:	Flan	nmable aerosol.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:		er: 0.9% er: 12.8%	
Vapor pressure	:	101.	3 kPa (760 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	:	1.55	[Air = 1]	
Relative density	:	0.82		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media			Result	
cold water			Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not	applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Viscosity	:	Kin	ematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	1	Not	applicable.	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rsion :26 IW-85-NA-GHS-CA
Red Oxide Primer				

12/20

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Heat of combustion : 27.94 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Dimethyl Carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
2-Methyl-1-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.17 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours
Octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118 g/m³	4 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/12/2024 Date of previ	ous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26 13/20
169040 KRYLON® RUST Red Oxide Primer	PROTECTOR™ Enamel (Aerosol)			SHW-85	-NA-GHS-CA

# Section 11. Toxicological information

•				
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
			mg	
Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
			ug l	
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
			mg	
Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Skin - Mild irritantHumanEyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRatSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit	Skin - Mild irritantHuman-Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRat-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-	Skin - Mild irritantHuman-mg 72 hours 300 ug lEyes - Mild irritantRabbit-87 mg 24 hours 5Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-24 hours 5Skin - Mild irritantRat-8 hours 60 uL 100 %Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-100 % 24 hours 500

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Talc	-	3	-
Iron Oxide	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
t. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Heptane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
te of issue/Date of revision : 2/12/2024 Date	of previous issue : 1/2	1/2024	Version : 26 14
9040 KRYLON® RUST PROTECTOR™ Enamel (A Red Oxide Primer	Aerosol)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Octane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)			

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 2	-	-
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/12/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/21/2024

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/
469040	KRYLON® RUST PRO Red Oxide Primer	TECTOR™ Ena	amel (Aerosol)	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ifects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	26684.79 mg/kg
Dermal	186686.23 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	82.7 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa -	48 hours
		Copepodid	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus -</i> Larvae	42 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/12/2024 Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024 Version : .	26 10
469040 KRYLON® RUS Red Oxide Prim	T PROTECTOR™ Enamel (Aerosol) er	SHW-85-NA	A-GHS-CA

### Section 12. Ecological information

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	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	-	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Solvent			
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Heptane	Acute LC50 375000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Heptane	-	552	High
Octane	-	198.7	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26	17/20
469040	KRYLON® RUST PRO Red Oxide Primer	)TECTOR™ En	amel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	A

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

puncture or incinerate container.

# Section 14. Transport information

Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
PRAMARINE CAS				
-	-	-	-	-
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U
ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
126	126	126		
Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship unde the Limited Quantity shipping exception.
conside mode o suitably to shipn of the p dangero	er container sizes. The f transport (sea, air, for that mode of trans nent, and compliance erson offering the pro- bus goods must be tr	e presence of a ship etc.), does not indica isport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. I ained on all of the ri	oping description for ate that the product is must be reviewed for regulations is the so People loading and us sks deriving from the	a particular s packaged or suitability prior ble responsibility inloading
	UN1950 AEROSOLS 2.1 • No. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.12.1Image: Construct of the state	UN1950       UN1950       UN1950         AEROSOLS       AEROSOLS       AEROSOLS         2.1       2.1       2.1         Image: Construct the second	UN1950       UN1950       UN1950       UN1950         AEROSOLS       AEROSOLS       AEROSOLS       AEROSOLS, flammable         2.1       2.1       2.1       2.1         Image: Constraint of the state of th

Proper shipping name : Not a

### Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

#### <u>History</u>

Date of printing	: 2/12/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/12/2024
Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 2/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:26	19/20
469040	KRYLON® RUST PRO Red Oxide Primer	TECTOR™ Ena	amel (Aerosol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

## Section 16. Other information

Version	: 26
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.